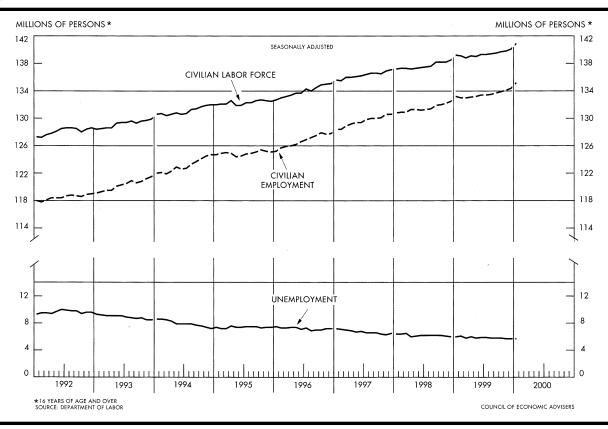
EMPLOYMENT, UNEMPLOYMENT, AND WAGES

STATUS OF THE LABOR FORCE

In January, after adjusting for revised population controls, employment rose by 918,000, and unemployment rose by 7,000. (Series revised.)



[Thousands of persons 16 years of age and over, except as noted; monthly data seasonally adjusted except as noted by NSA]

-	Civilian noninstitu- tional population NSA	Civilian labor force	Civilian employment				Unemployment			Percent ²		
Period			Total	Agricul- tural	Nonagricultural			15	Not in	Labor	Employ-	Unem-
					Total	Part time for economic reasons ¹	Total	weeks and over	labor force	force partici- pation rate	ment/ pop- ulation ratio	ploy- ment rate
1990 3	189,164	125,840	118,793	3,223	115,570	4,950	7,047	1,525	63,324	66.5	62.8	5.6
1991	190,925	126,346	117,718	3,269	114,449	5,874	8,628	2,357	64,578	66.2	61.7	6.8
1992	192,805	128,105	118,492	3,247	115,245	6,240	9,613	3,408	64,700	66.4	61.5	7.5
1993 1994 ⁴	194,838 196,814	129,200	120,259	3,115 3,409	117,144 $119,651$	6,230	8,940	3,094 2,860	65,638 65,758	66.3	61.7 62.5	6.9 6.1
1994 ⁴ 1995	198,584	131,056 $132,304$	$123,060 \\ 124,900$	3,440	121,460	$\frac{4,414}{4,279}$	7,996 7,404	$\frac{2,860}{2,363}$	66,280	66.6 66.6	62.5 62.9	5.6
1996	200.591	133,943	126,708	3,443	123,264	4,123	7,236	$\frac{2,303}{2.316}$	66,647	66.8	63.2	5.4
1997 3	203,133	136.297	129,558	3,399	126,159	3,879	6.739	2.062	66.837	67.1	63.8	4.9
1998 3	205,220	137,673	131,463	3,378	128,025	3,501	6,210	1,637	67,547	67.1	64.1	4.5
1999 3	207,753	139,368	133,488	3,281	130,207	3,189	5,880	1,480	68,385	67.1	64.3	4.2
1999: Jan ^{r 3}	206.719	139,232	133,225	3,297	129.928	3,341	6.007	1.491	67.487	67.4	64.4	4.3
Feb *	206,873	139,137	133,029	3,328	129,701	3,282	6,108	1,539	67,736	67.3	64.3	4.4
Mar r	207,036	138,804	132,976	3,290	129,686	3,325	5,828	1,467	68,232	67.0	64.2	4.2
Apr r	207,236	139,086	133,054	3,341	129,713	3,225	6,032	1,474	68,150	67.1	64.2	4.3
May r	207,427	139,013	133,190	3,290	129,900	3,229	5,823	1,519	68,414	67.0	64.2	4.2
June r	207,632	139,332	133,398	3,330	130,068	3,209	5,934	1,634	68,300	67.1	64.2	4.3
July r	207,828	139,336	133,399	3,278	130,121	3,142	5,937	1,511	68,492	67.0	64.2	4.3
Aug r	208,038 $208,265$	139,372 $139,475$	133,530 $133,650$	3,234 3,179	130,296 $130,471$	$\frac{3,127}{3,112}$	5,842 5,825	1,463 1,412	68,666 68,790	67.0 67.0	64.2 64.2	4.2 4.2
Sept r Oct r	208,265	139,473	133,940	3,238	130,471 $130,702$	$\frac{5,112}{2,983}$	5,757	1,412	68,786	67.0	64.2	4.2
Nov *	208,466	139,834	134.098	$\frac{3,236}{3,310}$	130,702	$\frac{2,365}{3.105}$	5,736	1,401	68,832	67.0	64.3	4.1
Dec	208,832	140,108	134,420	3,279	131,141	3,157	5,688	1,388	68,724	67.1	64.4	4.1
2000: Jan ³	208,782	140,910	135,221	3,371	131,850	3,066	5,689	1,372	67,872	67.5	64.8	4.0

 $^{^{1}\,\}mathrm{Persons}$ at work. Economic reasons include slack work, material shortages, inability to find fulltime work, etc.

² Civilian labor force (or employment) as percent of civilian noninstitutional population; and unemployment as percent of civilian labor force.

³ Not strictly comparable with earlier data.

⁴Data beginning January 1994 are not directly comparable with data for earlier periods because of a major redesign of the household survey questionnaire.

NOTE.—Seasonally adjusted data revised beginning 1995 to reflect annual revisions released in early January 2000. Data beginning January 1998, 1999, and 2000 reflect revised population controls. For details, see February issues, Employment and Earnings.

Source: Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.